



MONDAY EVENING, SEPT. 9, 1901.

WE are told that on the night Alexander the Great was born (about 2200 years ago) the famous temple of Diana at Ephesus was discovered to be on fire, and a youth named Erostratus was caught in the act of applying the torch. He was arrested and upon being questioned said he recognized the fact that he was a cipher in creation and desired to have his name in history. He could not place it there by genius and he had resolved to destroy the temple in order that he might become notorious. It is now stated that one of the motives—and probably the main one—was to actuate the individual who shot President McKinley last Friday was the thirst for notoriety. This appetite caused a shiftless crack to murder President Garfield. Ever since—and doubtless long before—the days when the Ephesian youth resorted to that ignominious act to attain notoriety, the world has contained a sprinkling of characters devoid of genius who want to get their names in history. All of this ilk do not fire temples or kill potentates, but they are an annoyance by their persistence in rushing in where angels fear to tread. The individual who shot Garfield was a nuisance in every walk of life, an annoyance to his relatives, untrue to his wife and a veritable drone in the hive of nature. The character who sprang into prominence last Friday is of the same satanic spirit. Too lazy to toil or spin, he brooded over what he imagined are the misfortunes of life because a kind providence, who has something for all to do, did not shower wealth and position on him. He became ambitious for fame and a disciple of Emma Goldman, the modern Zerkel, who believes in plunder and murder. He attempts to kill the President and coolly says: "I'm an anarchist, and have done my duty." The people of this country are exasperated by his act and his assertions. They know their duty. If they fail to perform it, not only on this misguided wretch but on all holding his views, an outraged heaven will hold the country responsible for not enforcing the law of God and man when murder and sedition are practiced in their midst.

"AND THEY all continued with one accord in prayer" was the picture presented in every church in Alexandria yesterday as the ministers invoked the throne of grace for the recovery of the President of the United States from the effects of the assassin's bullet. Prayers were breathed from sincere souls at both the morning and evening services, and from the tenor of the dispatches today there is much to encourage the hope that the intercessions which have gone up from those of all creeds not only in this country but throughout the civilized world are being heard and that the cruel and dastardly intention of an enemy to law and order is destined to miscarry. Should God in His mercy restore the President the outrage upon human and divine law would be avenged, and it is the solemn conviction of all that the Creator demands that His creatures do their part by taking heroic measures to prevent as far as possible a recurrence of such foul deeds by eliminating all persons from this and every other country who preach doctrines akin to those which superinduced the attempted assassination of the President.

The British authorities now require prominent Bore prisoners to accompany trains on the Petersburg railroad. This will remind many Alexandrians of the scenes enacted in this city during the war. Many prominent citizens were arrested by the federal soldiers and sent out under guard on the trains which left here on the Manassas road to prevent attacks on such trains by the Confederates. These "free excursions" were very trying to the nerves of the excursionists and their families, but though Colonel Mosby made the announcement that the presence of the hostages would not deter him from attacking the trains if favorable opportunities presented themselves, he never did so, and no one was injured during the trying ordeal.

THE PUBLIC SCHOOLS, after a two months' recess, reopened today with an attendance of nearly 2,000 pupils. To provide for the increased attendance in the white girls' school another school has been opened so that all may be accommodated, and the buildings and furniture have been put in proper repair. The expense of maintaining these schools is large and the community has a right to expect a return in not only better education, but in better conduct of the pupils. These owe it to the tax-payers to be diligent and faithful in their studies and courteous in their behavior, and the parents of the children can greatly aid them in both these respects.

IT IS WITH REGRET that the great bulk of the workmen and mechanics of this country read this morning that a trades union council in Newark, N. J., at a meeting last Friday night voted

down a resolution of sympathy for President McKinley, who is now battling for his life with an assassin's bullet in his body. It is needless to say that the workmen referred to are in no way representatives of the great mass of wage-earners in this country, who, like every other class of good citizens, deplore the act and earnestly hope the wounded President's life may be spared.

Sir THOMAS LYTTON is a true sportsman, and if the American cup is to be taken back to England the people of this country would rather he should win it than any other competitor. Sir Thomas says he will consent to a delay of the Cup race if the President's condition makes that advisable, but he does not anticipate an indefinite postponement in any event.

## FROM WASHINGTON.

(Correspondence of the Alexandria Gazette.) Washington, September 9. Several important pieces of national legislation will undoubtedly be the outgrowth of the attempted assassination of President McKinley. The Constitution is very vague on the matter of the Vice President's disability. It contains no definition of "disability" of the President during which it says that the Vice President shall exercise the functions of the Chief Executive. But how does it provide as to how such "disability" shall be determined. Officials are united in the view that either by means of statutory legislation or by an amendment to the Constitution a definite course of procedure should be laid down. A general sentiment, too, has arisen that a more severe penalty should be provided for such crimes as that which Czolgosz has committed. He can be dealt with only under the laws of the state of New York which make the maximum penalty for an unsuccessful attempt at assassination ten years imprisonment. Many officials high in the government have freely advocated the enactment of a Federal law making an attempt on the life of the President treason and punishable by death. The almost universal demand that has been made for the repression of anarchy and anarchistic societies in the United States will also probably result in Congressional action. Several measures have been suggested, deportation and exclusion being regarded the most effective.

Reports of a possible postponement of the inquiry have not lessened the activity of either of the parties to the investigation. Admiral Schley's attorneys were in conference at the Shoreham Hotel with witnesses all day Sunday and until 10 o'clock last night. Early this morning they were at the Navy Department. Judge Advocate General Loomis was in conference with other witnesses who information they would probably give in the hearing. Nearly all the persons in the city interested in the inquiry believe that it will proceed as scheduled next Thursday unless there should be unfavorable developments in President McKinley's condition. Only unfavorable reports reach the city regarding Admiral Sampson, and his attendance before the court is regarded as impossible. He desires to come despite his enfeebled condition, but his relatives and physicians, who feel that he might be completely wrecked in health by the ordeal, will, it is expected, persuade him to remain at Lake Success. An affidavit presenting his side of the case will be presented to the court.

At 11:30 this morning Acting Secretary of the Treasury Allen had a long distance telephone conversation with Secretary Gage, who is at Buffalo. Mr. Gage was very pronounced in his expression of the opinion that the President would recover. He said that the last bulletin of the physicians was regarded as the most favorable yet issued and that all the Cabinet members entertain the greatest confidence. Detective Foster, of the Secret Service, who was by President McKinley's side when the shot was fired, called up Chief of the Secret Service Wilkie by long distance telephone from the Milburn residence at Buffalo shortly before noon today. He gave an encouraging account of the President's condition.

Cass M. Ireland of Baltimore has been appointed chief clerk of the Patent Office, vice Edward V. Shepard, dismissed. The commission was signed by Acting Secretary of the Interior Thomas Ryan today.

The Secretary of War is confronted with a new phase of the rice problem. The colored chaplains of some of the colored regiments have formed a delegation to the War Department to demand that the colored soldiers be allowed to wear the regulation uniform of the white army and that the local authorities of the army do not see how their request can consistently be denied. The law governing army chaplains provides for transfers from one regiment to another. Up to the present time colored chaplains have not been assigned to any but colored regiments.

General George Gurnea, who is from Shanghai that the flood in the valley of the Yangtze is now threatening the city of Shanghai. All the troops in the vicinity of Shanghai are being ordered to the city. The Yangtze is a large river and the flood is a serious one. The Yangtze is a large river and the flood is a serious one. The Yangtze is a large river and the flood is a serious one.

## NEWS OF THE DAY.

Dr. Johannes von Miquel, former Prussian minister of finance, was found dead in bed at Frankfurt-on-the-Main yesterday.

Only 48 candidates for Naval Academy cadetships out of 93 who presented themselves for the examinations for admission this month.

Sarah Howells, a recluse, who had lived at voluntary prisoner in one room for nearly a half century, died at Mattituck, L. I., yesterday.

During a severe gale on Lake Huron yesterday, vessels went ashore, the lights and buoys being obscured by a heavy fall of smoke, due to the forest fires. All the crews were saved.

The attack on President McKinley has stimulated the French authorities to extraordinary measures to protect the Czar when he comes to France.

Workmen of the Bay View steel mill held a meeting in Milwaukee yesterday and voted to return to work. The radical element seceded from the lodge.

Herman O. Amor, of New York, a brother of the late Philip D. Amor, millionaire meat packer of Chicago, died at his summer cottage at Saratoga yesterday.

Expressions of condolence from all quarters of the world continue to flow upon the State department. Yesterday's messages were largely from crowned heads and governments.

Two fixtures were decided at the Sheephead Bay races on Saturday. One was the great fly stakes, worth \$28,705; the other the century stakes, of \$10,000 at one mile and a half. But Girl, William C. Witney's filly, was beaten a shot head for the first named in a sensational finish with Leonora Loring. Water Color won the century stakes. W. C. Witney asked for an investigation of Jockey Shaw's ride on Blue Girl.

Major Sylvester, chief of the Washington police department, as president of the National Association of Police Chiefs, has written to the directors of that organization suggesting that the heads of the police departments of the world be invited to the next convention of the association, with a view to the adoption of a co-operative plan for dealing with anarchists throughout the world.

The wife of the Kaiser's former special envoy to Washington, Baron Mumm von Schwarzenstein, now German minister to China, was shot by the murdered Baron von Kottler, who separated from her husband and gone on the American stage. She is now playing a small part in R. James K. Heckel's "Don Caesar's Return" at Waldorf, in New York, under the name of Miss Maude Roosevelt, and before her romantic marriage to the German diplomat was Miss Maude Roosevelt Le Visson, of New York.

Six thousand Polish families of Chicago yesterday denounced the crime of Leon Czolgosz and drafted resolutions declaring their sympathy for President McKinley, and their repudiation of the anarchist and his detestation of their alleged fellow countryman.

Mrs. William Grosser was beaten, robbed and assaulted at New Brunswick, N. J., last night. Her condition is serious. Bernard Cohn, a white man, and Ted T. Dowd, a colored barber, have been arrested. They are charged with the crime.

Johanne Nelson, the well known bicycle rider, died early this morning at Bellevue Hospital, New York, as the result of injuries sustained in an accident at Madison Square Garden, last Wednesday night.

J. William Grant, in jail at Hagerstown, Md., was tried for double murder, committed by the same man, and was acquitted yesterday afternoon by taking poison.

## VIRGINIA NEWS.

It is likely that the contested election case of Morgan Treat against Judge Gregory, for a seat in the Constitutional Convention, will be decided next Wednesday.

Col. John Hampton Hoge, republican candidate for Governor, opened his campaign in Roanoke Saturday night at the Assembly Hall before a large audience of whites and a considerable number of negroes. Several ladies were in the audience, something never before seen in a republican meeting in Roanoke.

George Lee, aged seventeen, of Newport News, and James Conway, aged twelve, of Manchester, deaf pupils of the Virginia School for the Deaf and the Blind, were instantly killed on Saturday by a Baltimore and Ohio freight train near Stanton. They had started to a neighbor's for apples when they met the train near a curve.

Having come infatuated with the wife of Louis Quenberry, a farmer residing in Washington county, James (Adel) on Saturday went to find where Quenberry was at work and shot him several times inflicting serious wounds. He then fled the county with Quenberry's wife and five children, leaving behind him a six child dead.

Herman J. Myers, member of the wholesale firm of Myers & Co., of Richmond, died yesterday afternoon aged 58 years. His health had been failing for the last ten months.

## THE CONVENTION.

The constitutional convention was in session last night at the Hotel Hamilton and all the time was devoted to speeches making concerning the President. Col. Wm. E. Cameron offered the resolutions. Senator Daniel spoke to them and paid a beautiful tribute to the President as did Mr. R. B. Blair. The resolutions were unanimously adopted and the body immediately adjourned out of respect to President McKinley.

The resolutions were as follows: Whereas, the hand of an assassin has placed in peril the life of the President of the United States and the whole country stands appalled at the foulness and cruelty of the crime; therefore be it Resolved, first, That the delegates of the people of Virginia, in convention assembled, view with horror the dastard blow which has been struck at the nation, in the person of its Chief Magistrate, and extend to all their fellow citizens of the United States, and especially to those united by ties of blood and family relationship to the President, the most sincere expression of profound sorrow at the great calamity which has befallen the country.

Second, That as a mark of affectionate sympathy and share in the grief which is felt by the whole American people, this body shall suspend its session for the day, and that the presiding officer of the convention is requested to convey to the private secretary of the Executive of the United States a copy of these resolutions—the papers and prayers of the people of Virginia, for the speedy restoration of President McKinley to health and strength.

President Gooden wired the resolutions adopted by the Constitutional Convention to Buffalo immediately after the adjournment of the convention.

## THE WOUNDED PRESIDENT.

Dispatches from Buffalo up to 2 o'clock this morning stated that President McKinley was holding his own against the ravages made by the bullet fired by the assassin Czolgosz.

At 4 o'clock yesterday afternoon, 48 hours after he was shot, the President's condition was pronounced favorable by his physicians, including Dr. Charles McBurney, of New York, one of the leading surgeons and specialists in the country, who was called into the case yesterday. He made a most thorough examination, but failed to find any evidence of blood poisoning. No attempt has yet been made to locate the bullet by the X-ray machine. The apparatus was delivered to the physicians yesterday at the Milburn house by Mr. Ellison's assistants, who charged it ready for use.

While the President's physicians were encouraged over the absence thus far of any dangerous symptoms, they did not consider the crisis passed. They admit that serious complications may develop later, but the fact that their patient yesterday obtained several hours of natural sleep, together with his robust constitution and the non-appearance of any indication of peritonitis makes them hopeful that his life will be spared.

Vice President Roosevelt, Senator Hanna and the members of the Cabinet who conferred with the physicians were all highly encouraged over the satisfactory information they received.

While members of the Cabinet have informally discussed the possibility of such a contingency arising as the President's disability necessitating the Vice President assuming the duties of the office of Chief Executive, it is a question as to how the power could be conferred. The Constitution makes no provision for such a case as this, but it is the general opinion that the Cabinet could empower Vice President Roosevelt to act as the Executive until such time as the President should any such move be imperative.

Mrs. McKinley was given permission to join her husband and about 9 o'clock Mr. Cortelyou, the President's Secretary, assisted her into the room and saw her seated in a chair at the side of her husband. Then all withdrew from the room except one of the nurses.

Between the President and Mrs. McKinley there was a little conversation. This was the result of a prohibition imposed by the wife. She knew it would not be well for her husband to exert himself, and when she first took her place at his side she told him she could not remain if he attempted to talk to her.

It was Mrs. McKinley's first visit to her husband since the attack was fired. After the consultation of the physicians Sunday morning she insisted upon knowing the exact condition of her husband. She was told that, though he was seriously injured, his life was not in danger. The devoted wife refused to accept this, and when told the fuller details. A little later she went to the bedside of her husband, and with his hand clasped in both of hers, she assured him of her confidence in his strength.

Mrs. McKinley was in a sadly wrecked nervous condition before the tragedy occurred. She has not recovered from the shock of the salutes fired when the President arrived. The cannons were fired off, through some stupidity, within ten feet of the President's private car, and from that moment Mrs. McKinley has suffered from the shock. However, she continues to bear up well, buoyed by the hopeful reports from the physicians. She went out for a drive Saturday afternoon, and returned refreshed.

Abner McKinley, the President's brother, arrived at the Milburn house at midnight.

Secretary Cortelyou has made the following announcement because of intimations in certain sensational newspapers that the bulletins of the physicians under-estimated the gravity of the President's condition.

The public will be kept fully advised of the actual condition of the President. Each bulletin is carefully and conservatively prepared, and is an authoritative statement of the most important features of the case at the hour it is issued. The people are entitled to facts, and shall have them.

(Signed) GEORGE B. CORTELYOU, Secretary to the President.

Prayers were offered in nearly all the churches throughout the country in behalf of President McKinley, and sermons were preached upon the attempted assassination, the ministers in many cases bitterly denouncing anarchy and urging legislation barring them from the country.

Alfonso Stutz, supposed to be a German, 35 years of age, has been arrested. He is said to have arrived at Buffalo within an hour of Czolgosz and to have had a room adjoining Nowak's on Broadway. The detectives, however, do not believe that he is in anywise connected with the crime.

The police continue their precautions for the protection of Leon Czolgosz, assailant of the President, from mob violence. Although there does not seem to be the slightest danger of another demonstration against him, guards are kept posted during the night around the police station where he is a prisoner, and a reserve was held, subject to immediate call. Litterers who are found about the station were promptly ordered to move on. Czolgosz still continues to eat well, and seems absolutely indifferent to his fate. He makes no inquiries as to the condition of the President and apparently cares nothing at all as to the outcome of his injuries.

By request of Secretary Root and other members of the Cabinet the police will not permit the prisoner to be seen or interviewed, as he craves notoriety. Neither will the police authorities disclose the method of the results of their efforts to discover the originators of the supposed conspiracy. It is denied that the Cabinet has considered the question of the wholesale arrest of anarchists in all parts of the country.

Niagara Falls Tragedy.

Niagara Falls, N. Y., Sept. 9.—When the barrel containing Maude Willard and her fox terrier was recovered from the whirlpool Saturday night, after voyaging there over five hours, it was found for the rescuing party to believe that the girl was dead. The fact that the dog was alive seemed to belie this conclusion, but try as they did for over two hours, they could not restore her to life. Graham was there, but he roamed about from rock to rock in a dazed condition. He had been through the same waters five times, had even been to Lewiston that very day unprotected by a barrel, and still here was his girl friend cold and dead. The barrel containing Miss Willard remained in the whirlpool a long time, and when the woman was taken out she expired.

## THE PRESIDENT'S CONDITION.

Buffalo, N. Y., Sept. 9.—Last night was the quietest night which has been experienced in the vicinity of the Milburn residence. The 6 o'clock bulletin revealed a condition that created some apprehension among the watchers. It stated that there was a noticeable drop in the respiration and a decline in the pulse without any drop in temperature.

At 2:30 o'clock there had not been a sign of change in the condition of the President. The temperature and other observations were taken a trifle earlier than 6 o'clock and a bulletin was issued stating that the President passed a somewhat restless night, sleeping fairly well.

His general condition was unchanged; pulse, 120; temperature, 101; respiration 22. All the doctors were at the Milburn residence this morning, and a consultation began at 9 o'clock. When Dr. Parks and Secretary Wilson came out, the former was asked how the President was. He replied: "We are all very cheerful at the outlook." Dr. McBurney left the house at 9:45. He said: "We are all entirely satisfied. Complications are now decidedly less likely to occur." Superintendent Bull arrived at the Milburn house early and inspected the police arrangements. He decided that no addition to the details were necessary.

Buffalo, Sept. 9.—Senator Fairbanks of Indiana, and Comptroller of the Currency Dawes, called at 9:40. When Senator Fairbanks came out half an hour later, he said: "All in the house cheerful and happy; more cheerful than I have seen them since I came here."

Buffalo, N. Y., Sept. 9.—At 11 a. m. Mrs. Fayette Williams, having had a long chat with Mrs. McKinley said she was bearing up splendidly under the strain and was very cheerful this morning.

11:10 a. m. Senator Hanna announced that the President's improvement is more remarkable.

11:15 a. m. Hon. H. B. F. Macfarland of the District of Columbia, on leaving the Milburn house, said that the surgeons had informed him that the President would surely recover.

11:25 a. m. Secretary Wilson announced that there will be no formal cabinet meeting without the President. Mr. Wilson denies the report that the cabinet ministers have rented the Glenlynn residence here.

Buffalo, Sept. 9.—12:45 p. m.—Vice President Roosevelt came out of the Milburn house and said: "I am a so-called confident that everything will come out all right." Roosevelt's manner was very hearty and emphatically confirmed the sincerity of his statement.

Buffalo, N. Y., Sept. 9.—1 p. m.—Abner McKinley has just left the Milburn house, after remaining there 100 minutes. He said he had not been allowed to see the President, but from the statement made to him by the physicians he was confident that the President's condition was most favorable under the circumstances.

Buffalo, Sept. 9.—Dr. Parks said today that he was confident President McKinley would live. He denied that the early report referring to the President's condition might be construed in any way to warrant fears on the part of the public. He said: "The situation is entirely satisfactory and there are no symptoms to cause alarm. The President will get well, I feel it, and I assure the doctors now feel it, of course the danger point has not been passed, but the continued absence of unfavorable symptoms strengthens our hope. The period for peritonitis to appear is rapidly passing away, and there is not a sign of inflammation."

Mrs. McKinley has just gone for a drive through the park in the private carriage of Mrs. Chard, who accompanied her.

Buffalo, Sept. 9.—The President was sufficiently strong this morning to receive visitors for a considerable length of time, with Mrs. McKinley. He is inclined to talk with those about him, and as Senator Hanna said: "Will be asking for a cigar in a day or two."

Dr. Parks, Dr. Wasdin, Dr. Mann, Dr. McBurney, and Dr. Myer all agree that the outlook is most cheerful and that the chance for complications developing were hourly decreasing.

Buffalo, N. Y., Sept. 9, 3 p. m.—Word has just been received from the Milburn house that President McKinley's condition continues to improve slightly.

After the Anarchists.

Pittsburg, Sept. 9.—Carl Noldt, the leader of the anarchists in this vicinity, has just been placed under arrest by the police. The charge against him is not yet known. Noldt was a warm friend of Berkman who is now serving a twenty year sentence for the attempted assassination of H. C. Frick.

New York, Sept. 9.—The Central office detectives were called together this morning, and commanded to exert every effort to find out where Emma Goldman the alleged anarchoist of Chicago is now. Where she is still remains a mystery, but it is in this city or vicinity the police propose to secure her. Every known anarchist has been notified.

Buffalo, N. Y., Sept. 9.—At noon the police of this city received a telegram from New York, saying that Emma Goldman was on her way to Montreal or already there. The Montreal police have been asked to keep a close watch on her.

St. Louis, Sept. 9.—The local police say Emma Goldman is near here and that she will be under arrest to-day.

The two anarchists arrested here on information from the Buffalo police connecting them with the assassin Czolgosz were taken before Justice Friday and the Harrison street police court this morning and their cases detained until the 19th. The men were had. Three of the twelve anarchists have identified the pictures of the two as being the man who shot the night in Chicago with the local anarchists on July 12. He was positively identified as being the man who gave the name of "Schlack," saying he came from Cleveland, Ohio.

Rumored Plot Against the Vice President.

Buffalo, N. Y., Sept. 9.—There are persistent rumors here that an anarchist plot exists to assassinate Vice President Roosevelt. Czolgosz's statement that he was alone in the conception of his crime is discounted and the police are keeping a sharp lookout for suspicious persons.

## The Convention.

Richmond, Sept. 9.—The constitutional convention today passed Mr. Walton Moore's resolution to abolish the committee of the whole. The judiciary committee knocked out the monthly county court proposition. Mr. Garland Polard spoke on eliminating the word "Christian" from the constitution. Mr. Weyer offered a new suffrage plan.

Czolgosz.

Buffalo, Sept. 9.—Czolgosz retired for the night shortly after 9 o'clock, and in a short time was sound asleep and awoke at 6 this morning. His appetite does not seem to have been hurt by his act and confinement, for almost everything that has been set before him has been devoured with relish. For the breakfast this morning he had a steak, fried potatoes, rolls and coffee. He drank three cups of coffee, and after breakfast, said he wished for a cigar. The wish was not gratified. After breakfast the prisoner again reclined on his cot and several times asked for a smoke. During the morning he asked for newspapers but these were refused. He will be taken before the Superintendent of Police and other officers during the day and it is thought he is about ready to tell all he knows. The strain on Czolgosz is beginning to show on him. Last night he was almost a wreck. His nervous system was shattered and physically he seemed exhausted. The rest he got last night was of doubtful benefit but this morning he did not look as well as yesterday morning.

Buffalo, N. Y., Sept. 9.—Czolgosz was again put on the rack today for an hour but the police report that he continues to hold his tongue and has thrown no further light upon whether he was alone and if not, who his co-conspirators were.

Foreign News.

London, Sept. 9.—Diplomatic circles at Constantinople hear that Russia has offered to mediate in the Franco-Turkish dispute, and that Turkey offers to send 100,000 Turkish pounds.

Vienna, Sept. 9.—Two river steamers collided in the Danube near Altenburg today. Twenty persons were drowned.

Nice, Sept. 9.—A force of Italian secret police have arrived here to assist in watching the numerous Italian anarchists who lately passed through Nice, seeking permanent homes in France. All suspects will be imprisoned until the Czar leaves France.

Paris, Sept. 9.—The Italian socialist Romanelli has been arrested for helping an Italian anarchist Malatesta, while the latter was in Paris.

The Hague, Sept. 9.—Queen Wilhelmina is about to visit the American Minister here to express her sympathy and to obtain the latest news of President McKinley's condition. Dr. Kuyper, the Premier, personally called at the embassy.

Intimidated by Strikers.

McKeesport, Pa., Sept. 9.—A threat if the National Tube Company to start a plant here this morning was followed by 5,000 men gathered around the mill and succeeded in preventing any one from entering. The number of the employees wanted to return to work but when they saw the opposition they returned home. A number of the citizens whom Mayor Black wore in "to assist in preserving the peace," were on hand and circulated among the crowd. They were not called upon to exert any authority as no disorder occurred. Some heated arguments took place between the strikers and a number of ore men who had the temerity to go about among the men and try to influence them to go to work. The foremen soon realized the hopelessness of their undertaking and gave it up.

The New York Stock Market.

New York, Sept. 9.—The big financial men in all cities who maintain the stock market as a whole. The clearing house committee was in session this morning considering the situation. It is understood that the first step they will take is to pool a large sum of money, probably from fifteen to twenty million dollars, to be loaned to the open market if needed. It is probable that the pool will not begin to lend unless it becomes desirable to break a high money market. When the committee adjourned it was announced that the banks in New York and New Jersey had agreed to the committee of officers. The committee was ready to act at a minute's notice should its services be required.

ZOLGOSZ PERFECTLY SANE.

Probably the only person in Buffalo who does not know approximately the President's condition is the assassin who shot him down. Now that he has become fully assured that his precarious position is safe from the mildest of his dunces, and is beginning to enjoy himself as a hero and martyr.

He underwent a medical examination yesterday as to his sanity and the result was that he conveyed the impression that he not only was in possession of his wit, but that he is brighter than we at first supposed. The result of his work is unknown to him and the probability is that he thinks the President is dead. He hears absolutely nothing from the outside world. He sees nobody but the two guards, who constantly watch him; the district attorney, chief of police, and such detectives and Government Secret Service men as take part in making him talk.

He still persists in his original statement that he had no accomplice. It was the teaching of Emma Goldman, he says, which immediately inspired him to the deed. The police believe in and less of this story, the more they question Czolgosz. They are convinced that the attempt to murder the President was the result of an anarchist plot, and he is concerned they are unimportant.

Henry Braydon, Harris, N. C., says: "I took medicine 20 years for asthma but one bottle of One Minute Cough Cure did me more good than any thing else during that time. Best cough Cure. For sale by E. R. Leadbeater & Sons.

List of Unclaimed Letters.

The following is a list of the letters remaining in the Alexandria, Va., postoffice on Sept. 9, 1901:

Alte, Mrs. Mary	McCann, J. C.
Bell, Mrs. T. J.	McGee, Robert H.
Carroll, Miss Carrie	Rosen, Wilson
Farmer, Miss Ella	Robinson, Solomon
Field, J. E.	Robinson, L. B.
Hobbs, Miss Annie	Ryan, James H.
Johnson, Miss Jennie	Williamson, Gertrude

JOS. L. CRUPPER, P. M.

Don't wait until you become chronically constipated but take DeWitt's Little Early Bearer now and then. They will keep your bowels in good order. For sale by E. R. Leadbeater & Sons.

DIED.

On Saturday, September 7, 1901, at 6:15 p. m., WILLIAM L. RICHARD, in the 85th year of his age. Funeral from his late residence, 109 South Fayette street, tomorrow (Tuesday) morning at 10 o'clock. Friends of the family are invited to attend.

## NEW STATE COMMITTEE.

Chairman J. Taylor Elyson announced his new State executive committee Saturday afternoon. Only four of the old members are retained. Among those left off is Senator Thomas S. Martin, who has been on the committee for many years. Mr. Martin is now traveling abroad and will probably not return before October. It is likely that he asked to be excused from service this year, as he would be out of the country until the campaign is well under way, and after his return he will be a very busy man.

Congressman James Hay, of Madison, succeeds Mr. Martin. The committee is as follows: First district, W. A. Jones; Second, Thomas H. Barnes; Third, S. L. Kelley; Fourth, Walter A. Watson; Fifth, J. H. Spencer; Sixth, Carter Glass; Seventh, James Hay; Eighth, Joseph E. Willard; Ninth, R. Tate Irvine; Tenth, Edward Boehle. Messrs. Jones, Glass, Willard, and Boehle are the only old members. The democratic State and executive committees will meet in Richmond next Thursday morning to map out plans for the coming year. The two bodies have sixty members.

State Chairman J. Taylor Elyson Saturday morning sent a reply to the request of Chairman Agnew, for a series of joint debates between Mr. Montague and Col. Hoge.

Mr. Elyson wrote as follows: Richmond, Va., September 7, 1901. Hon. Park Agnew, Chairman S. R. Republican Committee, Alexandria, Va.

Dear Sir:—I beg leave to acknowledge your letter of September 6, which I will take pleasure in referring to the democratic State committee at its next meeting. Yours truly,

J. TAYLOR ELYSON, Chairman.

The State committee has been called to meet at 8 o'clock next Thursday night at Murphy's Hotel in Richmond. This will be the first meeting of the new committee, and the subject of the joint debates will then be discussed.

## TELEGRAPHIC BREVITIES.